



Canadian Malaria Network Standard Operating Procedures

Date of Issue: May 2015

Agency Name: Canadian Malaria Network

Umbrella Organization: The Ottawa Hospital

Lead Contact: Dr. Anne McCarthy

This is the SOP for the _____

CMN Site

(E.g. National Coordinating Site)

Affiliated Satellite Sites:

To find distributing CMN sites or to **OBTAIN PARENTERAL THERAPY** please visit our website <u>http://thinkottawamedicine.ca/clinical-care/canadian-malaria-network/</u> and click the 'CMN Pharmacy & Physician Contact List' OR email any inquires to <u>candianmalarianetwork@toh.on.ca</u>

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PURPOSE

Malaria continues to be a major cause of death worldwide and is the principal life-threatening infection facing Canadian travellers in malaria-endemic areas. Severe *P. falciparum* malaria infections may have a mortality rate of 20% or higher. Patients require immediate hospitalization and urgent, intensive medical management, including parenteral malaria therapy. Severe malaria is not a common disease in Canada, with an average of 25 cases per year (range 7 - 61 cases annually from 2001-2014). However, these cases are dispersed throughout Canada, and attest to the need for distribution of scarce antimalarial drugs for treatment of severe malaria across the country.

Artesunate, the preferred medication for the treatment of severe malaria due to *P. falciparum*, and quinine, a possible alternative when artesunate is contraindicated, are only available in Canada through <u>Health</u> <u>Canada's Special Access Program</u>, a program that allows practitioners to request access to drugs that are unavailable for sale in Canada. Although quinidine is equally efficacious in treating malaria, it is not recommended due to a risk of life-threatening cardiotoxicity and the requirement for cardiac monitoring.

The Canadian Malaria Network was created in collaboration with Health Canada's Special Access Program and the Public Health Agency of Canada due to the potential for adverse outcomes associated with delays in acquiring parenteral malaria therapy. The Canadian Malaria Network (CMN) is established in 13 medical centres across Canada and maintains rapid access to strategically-located supplies of intravenous artesunate and quinine for the treatment of severe *P. falciparum*. In addition, each of the participating centers has a designated physician with experience in treating malaria who is willing to assist and provide guidance in the management of malaria infections. These life-saving drugs are available 24 hours per day by contacting participating pharmacies. After-hours medical assistance can be obtained by contacting the infectious disease consultant on call at the respective center. Each Centre provides surveillance data to Health Canada on all malaria cases treated with these drugs.

HISTORY

Quinine

From the inception of the Canadian Malaria Network in 2001, IV quinine was made available through the Canadian Malaria Network in collaboration with Health Canada's Special Access Program. Artesunate (see below) is now the treatment of choice for severe malaria, however, Quinine should be used if artesunate cannot be tolerated OR when the only indication for parenteral therapy is VOMITING or failure to tolerate oral therapy.

Artesunate

"On June 21, 2007, the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved investigational new drug (IND) protocol #76,725, entitled Intravenous Artesunate for Treatment of Severe Malaria in the United States. This IND makes a new class of antimalarial medication, artemisinins, available in the United States for the first time. The Walter Reed Army Institute of Research (WRAIR) has been conducting studies in several countries using artesunate, and has agreed to provide a supply of this medication to CDC".¹

In 2009, through Health Canada's Special Access Program, the WRAIR began to supply the Canadian Malaria Network with IV-Artesunate. It is the same product supplied by the U.S. Centers for Disease Control.

The drug is supplied on the condition that it is used in accordance with the latest information available. Data surrounding its usage and effects (contained on Form A and Form B) are sent to WRAIR and Health Canada, as per the requirements of Health Canada's Special Access Program².

http://www.cdc.gov/malaria/diagnosis_treatment/artesunate.html, Accessed March 13, 2014. ² Health Canada. Special Access Program. <u>http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca/dhp-mps/acces/drugs-drogues/index-</u>

¹CDC. Artesunate is available to treat severe malaria in the United States.

eng.php. Accessed March 13, 2014.

EPIDEMIOLOGY

Global

Malaria is widespread in tropical and subtropical regions around the equator, including much of Sub-Saharan Africa, Asia, and the Americas. According to the latest estimates, there were about 219 million cases of malaria in 2010 and an estimated 660,000 deaths. Malaria mortality rates have fallen by more than 25% globally since 2000. Most deaths occur among children living in Africa where a child dies every minute from malaria.

Canadian

The chart below summarizes the information available for Malaria in Canada.

Year	# Malaria Cases Reported to Public Health Agency of Canada	# Severe Malaria Cases Accessing IV Drugs through the CMN
2001	430	15
2002	347	7
2003	365	13
2004	375	20
205	365	12
2006	333	16
2007	384	16
2008	372	20
2009	356	23
2010	514	34
2011	517	30
2012	477	33
2013	-	54
2014	-	61
Total (2001-2014)	4835	354

Note: The number of malaria cases reported to the Public Health Agency of Canada in 2013 and 2014 has not been published.

Figure I: Country of Origin of severe malaria cases 2001-2013

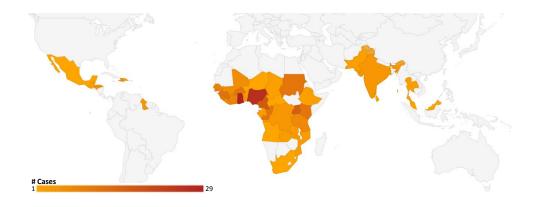
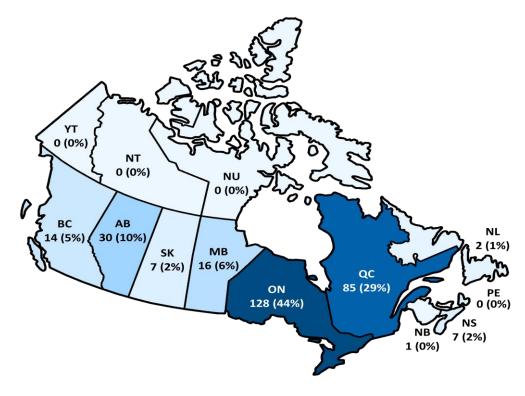


Figure II: WHO Defined Severe Malaria Cases Reported to CMN in Canada 2001-2014



MALARIA QUICK REFERENCE

Prevention

<u>Summary of recommendations for the prevention of malaria by the Committee to Advise on Tropical Medicine</u> <u>and Travel (CATMAT)</u>. (2014). Canada Communicable Disease Report CCDR. Volume 40-7.

Diagnosis & Treatment

<u>Summary of recommendations for the diagnosis and treatment of malaria by the Committee to Advise on</u> <u>Tropical Medicine and Travel (CATMAT)</u>. (2014). Canada Communicable Disease Report CCDR. Volume 40-7.

DEFINITIONS

Site – A hospital pharmacy that is designated with the duty of ordering IV antimalarial drugs from the CMN National Coordinating Pharmacy. Sites are typically located in large urban centres where the majority of severe malaria cases present. Sites are given enough drug to cover the population they operate within as well as supply satellite's with drug.

Satellite – A hospital pharmacy that carries one treatment regimen of IV antimalarial medication, and orders its drugs from the designated Site.

Special Access Program³ - The Health Canada Special Access Programme (SAP) allows practitioners to request access to drugs that are unavailable for sale in Canada. This access is limited to patients with serious or life-threatening conditions on a compassionate or emergency basis when conventional therapies have failed, are unsuitable, or are unavailable.

Adverse Drug Reaction (ADR)⁴ – All noxious and unintended responses to a medicinal product related to any dose should be considered adverse drug reactions.

The phrase "responses to a medicinal product" means that a causal relationship between a medicinal product and an adverse event is at least a reasonable possibility, i.e., the relationship cannot be ruled out.

Serious Adverse Event (SAE) or Serious Adverse Drug Reaction (Serious ADR)⁵ - Any untoward medical occurrence that at any dose:

- results in death,
- is life-threatening,
- requires inpatient hospitalization or prolongation of existing hospitalization,
- results in persistent or significant disability/incapacity, or
- is a congenital anomaly/birth defect

³ <u>http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca/dhp-mps/acces/drugs-drogues/sapfs_pasfd_2002-eng.php</u>

⁴ http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca/dhp-mps/prodpharma/applic-demande/guide-ld/ich/efficac/e6-eng.php

⁵ <u>http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca/dhp-mps/prodpharma/applic-demande/guide-Id/ich/efficac/e6-eng.php</u>

RESPONSIBILITIES

CMN Coordinating Centre

- Ensure adequate stocks of parenteral antimalarial drugs
- Produce monthly reports on usage of antimalarial drugs
- Perform yearly audits of the Canadian Malaria Network
- Ensure the CMN website and Site/Satellite contact information is up to date
- Ensure Malaria Treatment Guidelines are up to date
- Ensure Malaria Package information is up to date
- Obtain and process data from pharmacists on drug usage
- Obtain and process Forms A & B from physicians requesting / using IV artesunate or IV quinine
- Obtain, process and report to Health Canada adverse effects related to IV Artesunate or IV Quinine

Site Pharmacists and/or Designee

- Order IV antimalarial drug from the CMN National Coordinating Centre, using the Drug Request Form
- Distribute drug with Forms A, B & Adverse Event Reporting Form to requesting physicians within a timely manner
- Report to CMN each case of artesunate/quinine dispensed to physicians using the Dispensing Record
- Notify the CMN Coordinating office of changes to pharmacy contact information or pharmacists/technicians in charge of IV Artesunate or IV Quinine drugs
- Maintain communications and drug supply with satellite site(s) (if applicable)
- Distribute drug to satellite sites (if applicable)
- Send all forms to the CMN by email (<u>CanadianMalariaNetwork@toh.on.ca</u>) or fax (613-767-8164)

Satellite Pharmacists

- Order IV antimalarial drug from the designated nearby Site
- Distribute drug with Forms A, B & Adverse Event Reporting Form to requesting physicians within a timely manner
- Report to CMN each case of artesunate/quinine dispensed to physicians using the Dispensing Record
- Notify the CMN Coordinating office and your nearest Site of changes to contact information
- Send all forms to the CMN by email (<u>CanadianMalariaNetwork@toh.on.ca</u>) or fax (613-767-8164)

Physicians

- Order drug from the nearest participating pharmacy
- Complete Form A on Day 1 of treatment
- Complete Form B on Day 7 of treatment
- Complete the Adverse Event Reporting Form as soon as any adverse event is detected (if applicable)
- Send all forms to the CMN by email (<u>CanadianMalariaNetwork@toh.on.ca</u>) or fax (613-767-8164)

PROCEDURES

A. Physicians:

Physician Drug Request

1. Find a Participating Pharmacy

Consult the CMN website to determine the nearest participating pharmacy. CMN Website: <u>http://thinkottawamedicine.ca/clinical-care/canadian-malaria-network/</u>

2. Request Drug by Phone

Contact the pharmacy to request drug. For after-hours assistance, dial the switchboard number and ask for the main pharmacy or ID-pharmacist on call.

3. Arrange for Delivery

The pharmacy will arrange for the drug to be delivered to physicians. The package will include:

- a) One complete treatment regimen of drug (for artesunate, typically 8 vials for an average-size person; for quinine, typically 15 amps for an average-size person with loading dose)
- b) Instructions for drug administration
- c) Forms A, B & Adverse Event Reporting Form.

4. Treat the Patient

If any questions about treatment or complications arise, contact the nearest ID-Physician on call. A list of ID-Physicians affiliated with the CMN is located on the CMN website, on the Contacts page, next to each major regional participating pharmacy.

5. Report Data

Fill out Form A one day after treatment begins, and Form B seven days after treatment began. The forms should be sent by email to <u>CanadianMalariaNetwork@toh.on.ca</u> or by fax to 613-737-8164.

6. Report Adverse Drug Reactions (if applicable)

If a suspected adverse drug reaction related to Artesunate or Quinine occurs, fill out the Suspected Adverse Reaction Report Form, and submit it by email to <u>CanadianMalariaNetwork@toh.on.ca</u> or by fax to 613-737-8164.

B. Pharmacies

Becoming a Site or Satellite

1. Meet with the CMN National Program Coordinator.

The Coordinator will discuss the demand for the site/satellite and outline the roles and responsibilities of individuals involved.

- Coordinator Phone: 613-737-8184
- Coordinator Fax: 613-737-8164
- Email: <u>CanadianMalariaNetwork@toh.on.ca</u>

2. Collect Contact Information

Identify the primary and secondary contacts for the Pharmacy and Physician Infectious Disease Consultant. Send the contact information to the Canadian Malaria Network email address to upload onto the CMN Website.

- Email: <u>CanadianMalariaNetwork@toh.on.ca</u>
- CMN Website: <u>http://thinkottawamedicine.ca/clinical-care/canadian-malaria-network/</u>

3. Request Initial Drug Shipment

<u>SITES:</u> Contact the CMN Pharmacy to request drug to be sent to the Site's location. The new Site must fill out and send the CMN Pharmacy the Drug Requisition Form. Sites will receive a minimum of 16 vials of artesunate and 12 amps of quinine.

<u>SATELITES</u>: Contact the parent site's pharmacy to request drug to be sent to your satellite's location. Procedures vary by hospital. Most sites arrange shipping and absorb the cost. For questions or concerns, contact the CMN Pharmacy. Satellites will receive 8 vials of artesunate and 3 or 6 amps of quinine.

For any shipments originating from the Canadian Malaria Network Coordinating Centre, The CMN arranges the shipping, and the Ottawa Hospital site covers the cost.

- Coordinating Pharmacy Phone: 613-737-8970
- Coordinating Pharmacy Fax: 613-739-6834
- Email: <u>CanadianMalariaNetwork@toh.on.ca</u>

Site-to-Satellite Drug Distribution

1. Order drug

<u>SITES:</u> Ensure that your drug supply is sufficient enough to supply all satellites depending on you. If more drug is needed, fill out and send in the CMN Pharmacy Drug Requisition Form.

<u>SATELLITES</u>: To make a request for more drug from a site, complete the CMN Pharmacy Drug Requisition Form and send it to your local site coordinator. The most up-to-date coordinator contact information can be found on the CMN website: <u>http://thinkottawamedicine.ca/clinical-care/canadian-malaria-network/</u>

2. Ship drug

Sites arrange shipping to the satellite site.

Cost: Sites and satellites should discuss shipping arrangements. Most sites arrange shipping and absorb the cost, but alternate arrangements can be made between facilities to cover shipment cost.

Site/Satellite- to- non-Site/Satellite Hospital Drug Distribution

1. Order drug

A hospital pharmacy will contact the site or satellite to obtain one treatment regimen of drug.

2. Ship drug

The drug should be shipped with Drug Information, Form A, Form B, and the Adverse Event Reporting Form. The Site or Satellite arranges the shipping, and the receiving hospital covers the cost.

3. Complete Dispensing Record

<u>SITES & SATELLITES</u>: Complete the Dispensing Record Form, which details the contact information of the requesting MD and the patient's initials and birth date. Send the form immediately to the CMN Coordinating Centre following dispensing.

4. Order additional drug

<u>SITES:</u> If necessary, order additional drug from the CMN Coordinating Centre using the CMN Pharmacy Drug Requisition Form

<u>SATELLITES</u>: Order additional drug from the nearest Site using the CMN Pharmacy Drug Requisition Form

Coordinating Centre

Data Collection

All data is collected using four forms. Forms A, B, and the Suspect Adverse Reaction Reporting Form are available on the CMN website.

Pharmacies:

1. Pharmacy Dispensing Record, which is submitted by the pharmacy dispensing one complete treatment regimen of drug. The form contains the contact information of the attending physician and the name and initials of the patient. The information included on this form is used to locate the responsible physician if Forms A and B are not received.

Physicians:

- 2. Form A is to be completed by the physician within 24 hours of administration of IV therapy. It contains information regarding physician contact information, patient demographics, birth country and travel history, prevention measures, date and details of illness, the patient's presenting symptoms, and time delays to receive and administer IV therapy.
- 3. **Form B** is to be completed by the physician within 7 days of patient follow-up. It contains information about treatment, complications of malaria, stepdown therapy, supportive treatments, outcomes, and evaluation of the Canadian Malaria Network.
- 4. **The Suspected Adverse Reaction Report** is to be completed by physicians if they suspect an adverse reaction from IV therapy. The information in this form is sent to Health Canada and is used to fill out a CIOMS report. The adverse events data on artesunate is also sent to the US Army supplier.

Drug Information

Drug Shipping Costs

The Canadian Malaria Network covers the cost of the drug.

Coverage of shipping costs from:

1. CMN Coordinating Centre to Site or Satellite

The CMN Coordinating Centre covers the cost of shipping from the Ottawa Hospital to the designated site or satellite location.

2. Site to Satellite

The site arranges the shipping, and usually sites absorb the cost of shipment. However, alternative arrangements have been made between some institutions where satellites cover the cost. Please ensure there is a meeting between the site and satellite coordinators to discuss this issue.

3. Site or Satellite to non-Site or Satellite Hospital

The site or satellite arranges the shipping, and the receiving hospital covers the cost.

Drug Storage

Artesunate

Artesunate: 110mg/ml vials store at 2-10°C.

Stability Data: The investigational product, Artesunate Acid, Lot AA241-1-10-01 is stable, within specifications, when stored at the temperature conditions defined below. Any temperature excursion within these parameters should not have a negative impact on the Artesunate Acid and its integrity should not be affected.

Artesunate Acid dry powder remains stable and within specification under the temperature conditions as follows:

- a. A period of up to 12 months at the storage condition of $30^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C / 65\%$ RH $\pm 5\%$ RH
- b. A period of up to 9 months at the storage condition of $40^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C/75\%RH \pm 5\% RH$
- c. A period of up to 24 months at the storage conditions not exceeding $25^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C/60\%$ RH $\pm 5\%$ RH.

Diluent: Phosphate buffer maybe stored at 2-30°C (note: phosphate crystals may form in the buffer at lower temperatures; these will dissolve if gently warmed) . The CMN coordinating Pharmacy located at the Ottawa Hospital, stores their diluent at room temperature (between 15-25°C).

Quinine

Store below 25°C. Protect from light.

Drug Expiry

Artesunate

The vials of parenteral Artesunate do not have an expiry date, only a manufacturing date.

The supplier (The United States Army Medical material Development Activity – USAMMDA, Fort Detrick Maryland) will inform the keeper of the medication (The Ottawa Hospital- Pharmacy Department) when the product can no longer be used.

Determination of the product expiry date is based on purity and potency tests performed on the malaria medication at regular intervals (q 12 months). This is in accordance with the FDA's recommendations on stability testing of New Drug Substance Products.

Once The Ottawa Hospital has been informed of the upcoming expiry date, all centres and sites across Canada will be contacted and new supplies will be shipped to the corresponding destinations.

For any questions or concerns, please contact <u>CanadianMalariaNetwork@toh.on.ca</u>

Quinine

The expiry date is clearly marked on the ampoules and outer packages. The CMN Coordinating Centre regularly monitors the expiry of Quinine.

Emergency Room Notice Template

Emergency Department Notice

Severe Malaria Medication is <u>IN STOCK</u>!

IV Artesunate and IV Quinine are in stock. These drugs are used to treat severe and complicated malaria infections, and are made available by Health Canada's Special Access program and are provided by the Canadian Malaria Network.

Criteria for Severe Falciparum Malaria

EITHER

History of recent possible exposure and no other related pathology

OR

Asexual forms of Plasmodium falciparum on blood smear

AND

Any one or more of the following 15 features:

- 1. Hyperparasitemia (>2% in non-immune, >5% in semi-immune)
- 2. Impaired consciousness or coma
- 3. Prostration (unable to walk or sit up without assistance)
- 4. Multiple convulsions (>2 in 24hrs)
- 5. Respiratory distress (acidotic breathing)
- 6. Respiratory failure / Pulmonary edema / ARDS
- 7. Circulatory collapse / shock (SBP<80mmHg adults and <50mmHg children)
- 8. Acute kidney injury / renal failure (Cr >265µmol/L or >upper limit for age for children)
- 9. Jaundice (Total bilirubin >45µmol/L)
- 10. Abnormal spontaneous bleeding/DIC
- 11. Hypoglycemia (<2.2mmol/L)
- 12. Metabolic Acidosis / Acidemia (pH<7.25, HCO3<15mmol/L)
- 13. Severe anemia (< 50g/L, in children; <70g/dL, in adults)
- 14. Hemoglobinuria (macroscopic)
- 15. Hyperlactataemia (lactate >5mmol/L)

***Note**: Fever occurring in a traveller within three months of returning from a malaria-endemic area is a medical emergency and should be investigated urgently with thick and thin blood films for malaria.

How to access IV Artesunate or IV Quinine:

Daytime (Please insert local procedure information here.)

Night time (Please insert local procedure information here.)

Responsibilities Following Drug Administration:

- 1. Notify the hospital pharmacy of your request / use of drug.
- 2. Complete Form A on Day 1 of treatment.
- 3. Complete Form B on Day 7 of treatment.
- 4. Complete the Adverse Event Reporting Form as soon as any adverse event is detected (if applicable).
- 5. Send all forms to the Canadian Malaria Network by email (<u>CanadianMalariaNetwork@toh.on.ca</u>) or fax (613-737-8164).

Malaria Treatment Guidelines:

World Health Organization. Management of severe malaria – A practical handbook. Third edition. April 2013 http://www.who.int/malaria/publications/atoz/9789241548526/en/

Please consult your local infectious diseases physician for medical advice, or refer to the directory of malaria specialist physicians on the Canadian Malaria Network website.

CANADIAN MALARIA NETWORK

The Canadian Malaria Network (CMN) is established in 32 medical centres across Canada and maintains and facilitates rapid access to strategically-located supplies of intravenous artesunate and quinine for the treatment of severe malaria.

To get more information about treatment of severe malaria or to request drug from a Canadian Malaria Network institution, please visit the website: <u>http://thinkottawamedicine.ca/clinical-care/canadian-malaria-network/</u>

National Coordinating Office

The Ottawa Hospital Division of Infectious Diseases Telephone (Pharmacy): 613-737-8970 Telephone (Physician): 613-737-8184 Fax: 613-737-8164 Email: <u>CanadianMalariaNetwork@toh.on.ca</u> Website: <u>http://thinkottawamedicine.ca/clinical-care/canadian-malaria-network/</u>

Contact (Please insert local contact information here.)

CMN CONTACT INFORMATION

General

- Fax: 613-737-8164
- Email: <u>CanadianMalariaNetwork@toh.on.ca</u>
- Website 1: <u>http://thinkottawamedicine.ca/clinical-care/canadian-malaria-network/</u>
- Website 2: <u>http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/tmp-pmv/quinine/</u>

CMN Coordinating Centre

Dr. Anne McCarthy, MD, MSc, FRCPC, DTM&H

Director, Tropical Medicine & Travel Clinic Division of Infectious Diseases, Ottawa Hospital Associate Professor of Medicine, University of Ottawa Director, Adult Infectious Diseases Training Program, Univ. of Ottawa Clinician Investigator, Ottawa Health Research Institute Phone: 613-737-8184 Fax: 613-737-8164 Email: ammcarthy@toh.on.ca

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CMN Coordinating Centre Pharmacy

Rosemary Zvonar

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Anne-Marie Dugal, Sue Fetzer & Wendy Aikens

Pharmacy Research Technicians The Ottawa Hospital, General Campus Pharmacy 501 Smyth Road Ottawa, Ontario K1H 8L6 Phone: 613-737-8970 Fax: 613-739-6834 Pager: 613-719-6056 Email: <u>prxstudytechs@toh.on.ca</u>

To find distributing CMN sites or to **OBTAIN PARENTERAL THERAPY** please visit our website <u>http://thinkottawamedicine.ca/clinical-care/canadian-malaria-network/</u> and click the 'CMN Pharmacy & Physician Contact List' OR email any inquires to <u>candianmalarianetwork@toh.on.ca</u>

REFRENCES

Canadian Malaria Network. http://thinkottawamedicine.ca/clinical-care/canadian-malaria-network/

Summary of recommendations for the prevention of malaria by the Committee to Advise on Tropical Medicine and Travel (CATMAT). 2014. Canada Communicable Disease Report: Volume 40-7. http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/publicat/ccdr-rmtc/14vol40/dr-rm40-07/dr-rm40-07-prev-eng.php

Summary of recommendations for the diagnosis and treatment of malaria by the Committee to Advise on Tropical Medicine and Travel (CATMAT). 2014. Canada Communicable Disease Report: Volume 40-7. http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/publicat/ccdr-rmtc/14vol40/dr-rm40-07/dr-rm40-07-diag-eng.php

HealthCanada.SpecialAccessProgram.http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca/dhp-mps/acces/drugs-drogues/sapfs pasfd 2002-eng.php

World Health Organization. Guidelines for the Treatment of Malaria. 2010. Second Edition. http://www.who.int/malaria/publications/atoz/9789241547925/en/index.html

World Health Organization. Management of Severe Malaria – A Practical Handbook. 2013. Third Edition. http://www.who.int/malaria/publications/atoz/9789241548526/en/index.html

StataCorp. 2013. Stata Statistical Software: Release 13. College Station, TX: StataCorp LP. <u>http://www.stata.com/</u>

APPENDIX

The appendix includes the following forms:

Appendix I: Drug Requisition Form | Formulaire De Réquisition Des Médicaments

The Drug Requisition Form is completed by a network site and sent to the coordinating centre **OR** this form is completed by a satellite site and sent to their parent site to obtain more IV therapy for malaria.

Appendix II: Form A (English) | Formulaire A (français)

Form A is to be completed by the physician within 24 hours of administration of IV therapy. It contains information regarding physician contact information, patient demographics, birth country and travel history, prevention measures, date and details of illness, the patient's presenting symptoms, and time delays to receive and administer IV therapy.

Appendix III: Form B (English) | Formulaire B (français)

Form B is to be completed by the physician within 7 days of patient follow-up. It contains information about treatment, complications of malaria, stepdown therapy, supportive treatments, outcomes, and evaluation of the Canadian Malaria Network.

Appendix IV: Suspected Adverse Reaction Report (English) | Déclaration d'effets indésirables présumés (français)

The Suspected Adverse Reaction Report is to be completed by physicians if they suspect an adverse reaction from IV therapy. The information in this form is sent to Health Canada and is used to fill out a CIOMS report. The adverse events data on artesunate is also sent to the US Army supplier.

Appendix V: Pharmacy Dispensing Record | Dossier Distribution

The Pharmacy Dispensing Record is to be completed by both sites and satellites. The form should include the contact information of the requesting MD and the patient's initials, sex, birth date and weight. The form is sent immediately to the CMN Coordinating Centre following dispensing in order for the CMN to follow-up.

NOTE: Click on the title of the form for a fillable PDF version of the form OR visit the Canadian Malaria Network website: http://thinkottawamedicine.ca/clinical-care/canadian-malaria-network/

Appendix I:

Drug Requisition Form | Formulaire De Réquisition Des Médicaments

The Drug Requisition Form is completed by a network site and sent to the coordinating centre **OR** this form is completed by a satellite site and sent to their parent site to obtain more IV therapy for malaria.

)	The Ottawa L'Hôpital Hospital d'Ottawa		
		AN MALARIA NETWORK REQUISITION FORM	
	То:		
	Attention:		
	Site Name:		
	Requested by:		
	Address:		
	Telephone Number:		
	Date of Request:		
	Date Supplies Required	at Site:	

Drug Name	Quantity on Hand	Quantity Requested
Artesunate 110mg vials		
Phosphate Buffer 12mL vials		
Quinine Dihydrochloride 600mg/2mL ampoules		

	PLEASE	complete	the	following	table:
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DISPE	DISPENSING(S) SINCE YOUR LAST SHIPMENT				
Drug Name Date Dispensed (dd/mm/yy) Quantity of Vials/Ampoules Issued to Subject OR Site		Lot# Used			

Please fax to 613-739-6834 or email to CanadianMalariaNetwork@toh.on.ca

Form Version: October 2013

Appendix II:

Form A (English) | Formulaire A (français)

Form A is to be completed by the physician within 24 hours of administration of IV therapy. It contains information regarding physician contact information, patient demographics, birth country and travel history, prevention measures, date and details of illness, the patient's presenting symptoms, and time delays to receive and administer IV therapy.

	OR SEVERE MALARIA - FORM A he Attending Physician
1. Date of request (D/M/Y) ://	Test used (check all that apply): DRDT DThick smear
 Drug requested (check all that apply): Artesunate* Quinine For artesunate request, monitor CBC weekly for four weeks. Low risk for delayed hemolysis; if this occurs, the CMN must be notified. REQUESTING/ATTENDING PHYSICIAN 	Malaria species (check all that apply): DP. falciparum DP. vivax DP. malariae DP. ovale DP. knowlesi DUnknown Percent parasitemia (initial): <u>%</u> Percent parasitemia (at start of IV therapy): <u>%</u>
Name: Hospital/site: City: Tel#: Fax#: Email:	9. Has the patient had other medical treatment for this episode o malaria? □Yes □No □Unknown If yes, specify what drug(s):
	Who prescribed the drug? MD in Canada Self prescribed Other (specify): Continued vomiting or unable to tolerate oral therapy (Note: if this is the only indication for IV therapy, then QUININE preferred) Hyperparasitemia (>2% In non-immune, >5% In semi- immune)
5. PATIENT TRAVEL INFORMATION Presumed country(ies) of acquisition: 1)2)3) Date departed Canada (D/M/Y):// Date returned in Canada (D/M/Y)://	Impaired consciousness or coma Prostration (unable to walk or sit up without assistance) Multiple convulsions (>2 in 24hrs) Respiratory distress (acidotic breathing) Respiratory distress (acidotic breathing) Circulatory collapse / shock (SBP<80mmHg in adults and
Reasons for travel (check all that apply): DVisiting friends/relatives DVolunteer/missionary DBusiness DEducation DVacation OMedical tourism DImmigration Military OOther, specify:	<50mmHg in children) Acute kidney injury / renal failure (Cr >265µmol/L or >upper limit for age for children) Jaundice (Total bilirubin >45µmol/L) Abnormal spontaneous bleeding/DIC
6. PREVENTION MEASURES Pre-travel advice sought: □Yes □No If yes, with whom?: □GP/family physician □Travel medicine dinic □Other:	Hypoglycemia (<2.2mmol/L) Metabolic Acidosis / Acidemia (pH<7.25, HC03<15mmol/L) Severe anemia (Hb <70g/L in adults and <50g/L in children) Hemoglobinuria (macroscopic) Hyperlactatemia (lactate >5mmol/l) Other (specify):
Insect precautions?: DYes DNo DUnknown Was chemoprophylaxis Suggested?: DYes DNo DUnknown Prescribed?: DYes DNo DUnknown Used?: DYes DNo DUnknown	 The following refer to time taken to begin IV therapy and is used to establish where/why delays occur a) Hours to contact individual responsible for dispensing IV malaria therapy through the Canadian Malaria Network (#hours):
If used, chemoprophylaxis type: Chloroquine Doxycycline Malarone Mefloquine OOther (specify):	 b) Hours from request until drug received by pharmacy (#hours):
Adherence: Did they take the drug as prescribed (before, during, after travel, missed <2 doses)?	administered (#hours):
7. PATIENT ILLNESS Date became ill (D/M/Y):/ Date of 1st physician visit (D/M/Y):/ Was the patient admitted to hospital?: □Yes □No If yes, date admitted (D/M/Y):/	12. Other Comments: Completed by: Date:// Tel #: Email:
8. DIAGNOSIS Diagnosis lab-confirmed: □Yes □No	Thank you very much for completing this form. Please complete Form B (follow-up)

REQUEST BY E-MAIL: <u>CanadianMalariaNetwork@toh.on.ca</u> OR BY FAX: 613-737-8164 Parenteral artesunate and quinine are provided by Health Canada's Special Access Program through the Canada Malaria Network (CMN).

Appendix III:

Form B (English) | Formulaire B (français)

Form B is to be completed by the physician within 7 days of patient follow-up. It contains information about treatment, complications of malaria, stepdown therapy, supportive treatments, outcomes, and evaluation of the Canadian Malaria Network.

To be completed by the	R SEVERE MALARIA - FORM B Attending Physician OWN ID:
I. Follow-up Visit Date (D/M/Y) :/	Hemoglobinuria (macroscopic)
	Hyperlactataemia (lactate >5mmol/l)
2. REQUESTING/ATTENDING PHYSICIAN	Hemolysis
Name: Hospital/site: City:Province: Tol#:	Sepsis (specify organism):
Hospital/site:	Multiorgan Failure
City:Province:	Other (specify):
Email:	Maximum parasitemia level recorded:
3. PATIENT DEMOGRAPHICS	Days until negative smear achieved:
Initials (first/middle/last)://	Total number of days hospitalized:
Date of birth (D/M/Y):/	Total number of days in ICU:
Sex: Male Female	Supportive treatments:
Jext anale aremale	Dialysis, (#days):
I. TREATMENT	Mechanical ventilation, (#days):
Date diagnosed (D/M/Y):/	Blood transfusion, (#units):
Date IV drug requested (D/M/Y):/	Antibiotics (specify):
	Other (specify):
Drug requested (check all that apply):	Gother (specify):
□Artesunate □Quinine	Patient outcome as of today (check all that apply):
Date of 1 st IV drug dose (D/M/Y):/	□ Alive
Number of doses of IV drug administered:	Still hospitalized
Number of vials of IV drug used:	Discharged on date (D/M/Y): / /
Artesunate:	 Discharged on date (D/M/Y):// Deceased on date (D/M/Y)://
Quinine:	
	Were there any complications or adverse events
Step-down therapy or second antimalarial	related to the IV antimalarial drug?: 🛛 Yes 🔍 No
(please specify and give number of days of therapy):	If yes, please specify:
Clindamycin (#days):	
Doxycycline (#days):	
Malarone (#days):	
Quinine oral (#days):	5. CANADIAN MALARIA NETWORK EVALUATION
Other (specify):(#days):	Is this program to provide IV malaria therapy helpf
	to you? QYes QNo
5. MALARIA OUTCOMES	to you? Thes the
Malaria complications developed during admission	Did you consult with a physician through the
(check all that apply):	Canadian Malaria Network? Yes No
Hyperparasitemia (>2% non-immune,>5% semi-	and the state of t
immune)	If yes, was this a beneficial interaction?
Impaired consciousness or coma	QYes QNo
Prostration (unable to walk or sit up without	Comments:
assistance)	Commence
Multiple convulsions (>2 in 24hrs)	
Respiratory distress (acidotic breathing)	
Respiratory failure/Pulmonary edema/ARDS	
Circulatory collapse/shock (SBP<80mmHg in	Suggestions to improve the program:
adults and <50mmHg in children)	
Acute kidney injury / renal failure (Cr >265µmol/L	
or >upper limit for age for children)	
Jaundice (Total bilirubin >45µmol/L)	Completed by: Date:/ Tel #: Email:
Abnormal spontaneous bleeding/DIC	Date: / / Tel #:
Hypoglycemia (<2.2mmol/L)	Email:
Metabolic Acidosis/Acidemia (pH<7.25,	
HCO3<15mmol/L)	Thank you very much for completing this form.
Severe anemia (Hb<70g/L in adults and <50g/L in	Your cooperation is greatly appreciated.
children)	
	Form Version: September

Appendix IV:

Suspected Adverse Reaction Report (English) | Déclaration d'effets indésirables présumés (français)

The Suspected Adverse Reaction Report is to be completed by physicians if they suspect an adverse reaction from IV therapy. The information in this form is sent to Health Canada and is used to fill out a CIOMS report. The adverse events data on artesunate is also sent to the US Army supplier.

	sus			ARIA NETWOR	-	EP	ORT	ci	AN ID:
ATTEND	NG PHYSICIAI		TION:	ADVERSE RE	ACTIO	ON:			
Name:				Reaction Identifi			React	ion Resolv	od:
Position:				Date (dd/mm/yy):	1			dd/mm/yy):	Time:
Hospital:				Date (daming)).	11112.		Date (annin JI)-	THIC.
Address:				Outcome(s) attri	buted t	o adv	erse re	action	
Phone:		Fax:		(Select all that apply)					
Email:				Death Life-threatening				nital malform ed Interventio	
PATIENT	INFORMATIO	N:		□Hospitalization – p	prolonge			it damage/im	
Initials: [Date of Birth (dd/mn	/w/: Age:	Sex:	Disability or incap			⊒Öther:		
		-///-	DM DF	Describe reactio	n or ev	ent:			
Country of	Birth:	Country of F	lesidence:						
		-							
	s) of Acquisition:								
1)	2)	3)	1.1.10						
Is the coun	try of acquisition		esistant?						
Medical his	story and pre-exis		onditions						
	pregnancy, smoking/aid								
				Relevant tests/la	horato	ny dat	a .		
				Relevant tests/la	DUIALU	iy ua	.		
Regular me	dications								
	agents administered d	uring admission):							
(choice any rice	agento danimoterea a	anny aannoorony.							
				T	- 47				
				Treatment of rea	ction (n	name, o	iose, freqi	uency, dates)	
MALARI	A DIAGNOSIS 8	& TREATME	INT:						
First media	al visit	Malaria Diag	nosis						
Date (dd/mm		Date (dd/mm/y							
Type of Sm	ear Used:	Plasmodium	Species:						
	hick 🗆 Thin	P.falciparum P.knowlesi	DP.ovale	SUSPECTED	DRUG	6(S)			
□Other: Parasitemi	a 96-	DP.malariae	UP. vivax	Suspected Drug		Tota	#	Route(s)	of
	atment Start	Malaria Trea		Name & Strength	1:	Dose	(s):	Administ	ration:
Date (dd/mm		Date (dd/mm/y							
		,		Manufacturer Name MFR			Pharmacy Name &		
Malaria Co	mplications:			& Address		Cont	rol #:	Address	
					I				
				Therapy Start			Thera	py End	
Malaria Tre	atment Procedure	e / Druge Adu	ninistand		Time:			dd/mm/yy):	Time:
	those used to trea		ministereu						
	units, frequency, dates)			Total doses adm				between fir	
				until first sign / s	sympto	m		istration a	
				of reaction:			reaction	on sign / sy	mptom:
				Action taken wit	h drug:		React	ion abated	afteruse
					Treatme			ed or dose	
				□Withdrawn	Complet			Yes DNo	
			Unchanged D			_			
				Did reaction reap					
				□Yes			ug not i	reintroduced	1
				SUBMISSION					
				Name:				Date:	

Submit this form within 48 hours by email to CanadianMalariaNetwork@toh.on.ca, or by fax to 613-737-8164 Venior: 042013

Appendix V:

Pharmacy Dispensing Record | Dossier Distribution

The Pharmacy Dispensing Record is to be completed by both sites and satellites. The form should include the contact information of the requesting MD and the patient's initials, sex, birth date and weight. The form is sent immediately to the CMN Coordinating Centre following dispensing in order for the CMN to follow-up.

Canadian Malaria Netv Réseau canadien sur le pa	

PHARMACY DISPENSING RECORD FOR IV ARTESUNATE AND IV QUININE

REQUESTING PHYSICIAN (OR OTHER CONTACT)

Name:	
Hospital:	
City:	
Telephone:	
-	

Title:	
Department:	
Province:	
Email:	

PATIENT INFORMATION:

Initials (first/middle/last):_____ Date of Birth (dd/mm/yy):_____ Sex: □Male □Female Weight:_____kg

PHARMACY DISPENSING SITE

ng Physician and/or Contact have consulted with an	Infantione Disease Disease
No Don't know	i miecuous Disease Physician:
f no/don't know, please remind the physician / requ	estor of the availability of the
resources available on the CMN website (<u>http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/tmp-pmv/quinine</u>	
Artesunate + Phosphate buffer diluent # Vials Artesunate: # V	Forms A and B) /ials Diluent:
f Shipping/Arrangements for Pick-Up and Delivery gerated item):	
pensing Completed (dd/mm/yy):	Time:
	anadian Malaria Network 24-hour Infectious Dise sources available on the CMN website (<u>http://www</u> on dispensed (including Information Package with I Artesunate + Phosphate buffer diluent # Vials Artesunate: # V Quinine (one kit of 7 ampoules) f Shipping/Arrangements for Pick-Up and Delivery gerated item):

Complete and Return to the CMN Coordinating Centre within 24 Hours of Dispensing by E-Mail: <u>CanadianMalariaNetwork@toh.on.ca</u> or by Fax: 613-737-8164

Version: November 2013