



Stroke Distinction: Did You Know?

KEY QUALITY INDICATORS: Inpatient Rehab Stroke Care

- KQIs are metrics that measures the quality of excellence of a task or project.
- KQIs are intended for internal use, by teams, to support the measurement of internal quality improvement activities, and represent a foundational quality improvement component of: “you need to measure to improve”.
- Each indicator has its own minimum threshold

AT HEALTH PEI: Survey Visit October 31-Nov 3

18 KQIs are being measured: 6 specific to Inpatient Stroke Rehab care:

- % acute ischemic stroke clients admitted to inpatient rehab assessed for fall risk with standardized tool within 2 days of hospital arrival
- % acute ischemic stroke clients screened for cognitive impairment with a standardized screening tool during inpatient rehab stay
- % acute ischemic stroke clients screened for depression with a standardized screening tool during inpatient rehabilitation stay
- % acute ischemic stroke clients with improvement in functional status from time of admission on inpatient rehab unit to time of discharge based on standardized measurement tool
- Length of stay (LOS) of acute ischemic stroke clients in a rehabilitation inpatient unit
- % of acute ischemic stroke clients with dx of atrial fibrillation at discharge on appropriate anticoagulant therapy for both acute inpatient and rehabilitation inpatient

Enhance client experience and improve outcomes

Mitigate risk and increase efficiency

Improve teamwork and communication



Questions Accreditation Canada Surveyors May Ask Staff:

1. Where do you get information about the KQIs?
2. Which indicators apply to your role?
3. How is the information from the KQIs used for improvements in stroke care?